

Teleological And Deontological Theories

Deontological	Teleological
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Rule-based view of ethics was first proposed by Immanuel Kant which therefore commonly known as Kantian ethics	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Consequence-based view of ethics was developed by Jeremy Bentham and developed by John Stuart Mill which also known as utilitarianism
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Goodness or badness is determined by the action	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Goodness or badness is determined by the results or outcomes
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The only behaviour that can be considered ethical is the one that has good will behind it	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Can justify the behaviour as ethical if it produces greatest good for the greatest number

TELEOLOGICAL AND DEONTOLOGICAL THEORIES

teleological and deontological theories pdf

Is Ethics Rational? Teleological, Deontological and Virtue Ethics Theories Reconciled in the Context of Traditional Economic Decision Making â†

Is Ethics Rational? Teleological, Deontological and Virtue

Teleology or finality is a reason or explanation for something in function of its end, purpose, or goal. It is derived from two Greek words: telos (end, goal, purpose) and logos (reason, explanation). A purpose that is imposed by a human use, such as that of a fork, is called extrinsic. Natural teleology, common in classical philosophy but controversial today, contends that natural entities ...

Teleology - Wikipedia

Introduction to Moral Theories and Principles that inform ethical decision making in healthcare Introduction If a clinical ethics committee (CEC) is to provide support on ethical issues relating to

Introduction to Moral Theories and Principles that inform

Philosophy 246: Environmental Ethics (Environmental Science 281) Colorado College Ben Bayer Fall 2008, Block 2 Course description A majority of Americans describe themselves as environmentalists, but there is less agreement about what it means to be an environmentalist.

Philosophy 246: Environmental Ethics (Environmental

1 Guide to Ethics & Morality Principles, Problems, and Questions What are ethics? What is morality? How can one behave in a moral manner? These are

Guide to Ethics & Morality - Home Page On the Wing

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Ethical Considerations - SAGE Publications

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What are the similarities and differences of the ethical

Consequentialism is the class of normative ethical theories holding that the consequences of one's conduct are the ultimate basis for any judgment about the rightness or wrongness of that conduct. Thus, from a consequentialist standpoint, a morally right act (or omission from acting) is one that will produce a good outcome, or consequence.

Consequentialism - Wikipedia

Consequentialism, as its name suggests, is the view that normative properties depend only on consequences. This general approach can be applied at different levels to different normative properties of different kinds of things, but the most prominent example is consequentialism about the moral rightness of acts, which holds that whether an act is morally right depends only on the consequences ...

Consequentialism (Stanford Encyclopedia of Philosophy)

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Ethical Behaviour in Organizations: A Literature Review

V1 " status 27jul07 The Ethics of Corporate Governance By Donald Nordberg Senior Lecturer in Strategy London Metropolitan University, 277-281 Holloway Road, London N7 8HN

The Ethics of Corporate Governance - United Nations

1. Aims and Methods of Moral Philosophy. The most basic aim of moral philosophy, and so also of the Groundwork, is, in Kant's view, to seek out the foundational principle of a metaphysics of morals, which Kant understands as a system of a priori moral principles that apply the CI to human persons in all times and cultures. Kant pursues this project through the first two chapters ...

Kant's Moral Philosophy (Stanford Encyclopedia of Philosophy)

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Codes of Conduct in the Private Sector - EthicsCentre

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